

ATL11 release 002 known issues. December 10, 2020

Poorly constrained reference surfaces:

The primary problem observed with ATL11 data is that when the surface topography is complex, and when the number of repeat measurements for an along-track point is small, the reference-surface fitting solution can produce unreliable results, resulting in unrealistic corrected-height values. The `/ptx/ref_surf/fit_quality` flag is provided to help users identify points affected by this problem. This variable has one element for each reference point, and nonzero values (1, 2, or 3) indicate a problem. The subset of data with `/ptx/ref_surf/fit_quality==0` will contain significantly fewer, and smaller, outlying values.

Inherited problems from lower-level products:

The ATL06 dataset contains a few tracks that have significant errors not accounted for in the standard error model. These include signal-finding blunders, and systematic errors associated with activities that point the spacecraft away from the reference ground tracks. These errors in some cases produce missing data or outlying values in ATL11.

1. ATL06 outliers. Signal-finding blunders have the largest effect in the crossing-track data values, and may be eliminated (in part) by filtering based on the `/ptx/crossing_track_data/along_track_rss` values (smaller values are better), and on `/ptx/crossing_track_data/ATL06_quality_summary` values (zero indicates no problems identified).
2. Systematic off-pointing relative to the reference track also has its most significant effects on the `crossing_track_data` group, because data from cycles with significant off pointing are usually excluded from the along-track fit. Some of these events are identified in the ICESat-2 Technical Reference Table, which is available on request from the NSIDC.